



Life Cycles Game

Game Instructions

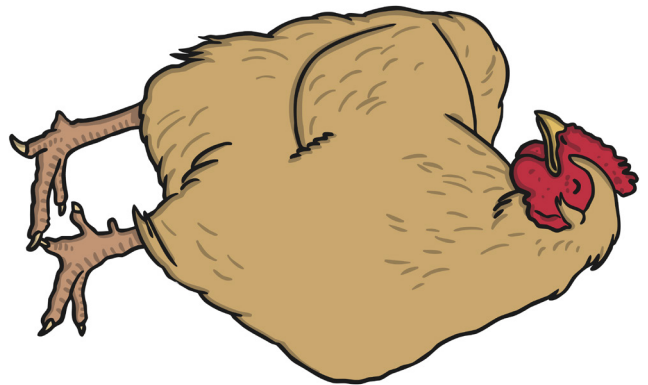
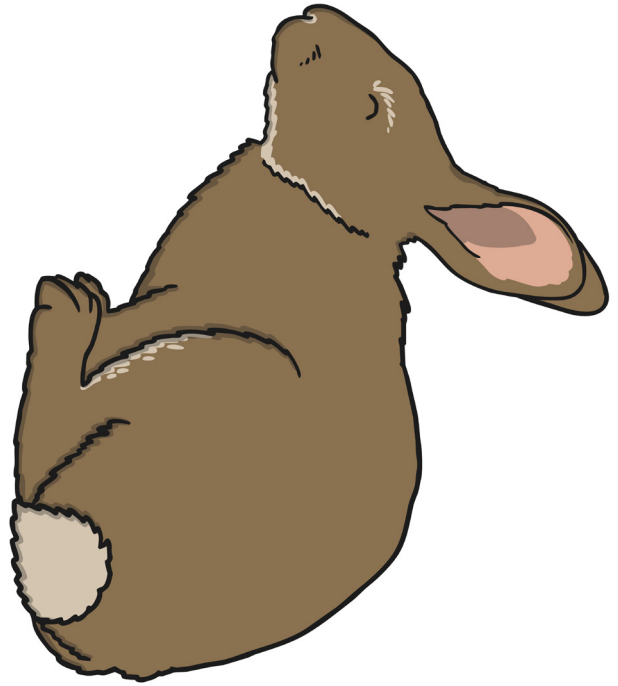
Play this fun game with your friends or family to see how much you know about life cycles. Who will be the first to construct the full life cycle?

You need:

- Life Cycles Game Character Cards cut out into individual cards
- Life Cycles Game Cards cut out into individual cards

How to play:

- Each player should take a character card. The aim of the game is to be the first player to construct the life cycle of the plant or animal on their character card.
- Shuffle the Life Cycles Game Cards and place them face down in a pile. The cards describe the stages of the different animals' and plant's life cycles.
- Players take turns to pick a card from the top of the pile. If the card describes a stage of their character's life cycle, they keep the card. If not, the card should be returned to the bottom of the pile.
- As players collect more cards, they should place them in order to show the stages of their character's life cycle.
- The winner is the player who constructs their life cycle first.

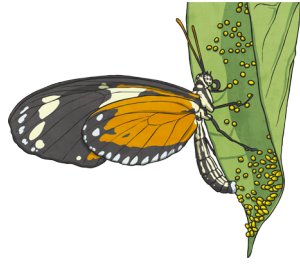




The embryo grows inside the female rabbit.



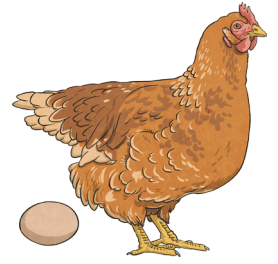
Fertilised eggs are laid by the female.



The sunflower seed starts to germinate and a shoot grows.



The female chicken lays a fertilised egg.



The female rabbit gives birth to the baby rabbit, called a kitten.



The eggs hatch into a larva called a caterpillar. It eats leaves and grows bigger.



The sunflower grows bigger and develops leaves and a flower.



The female chicken sits on the egg to incubate it.



The kitten drinks milk from the female. As it grows, it develops fur and starts to eat solid food.



The caterpillar forms a hard case around itself called a chrysalis.



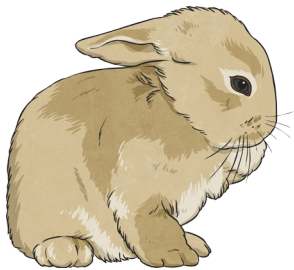
The flower is pollinated by insects. Pollen fertilises the ovule.



The chick hatches out of the egg.



The young rabbit grows and develops.



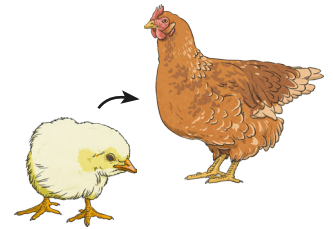
Inside the chrysalis, the caterpillar transforms into a butterfly.



Seeds form in the flower.



The chick grows and develops its adult feathers.



The adult male rabbit will mate with an adult female rabbit and reproduce.



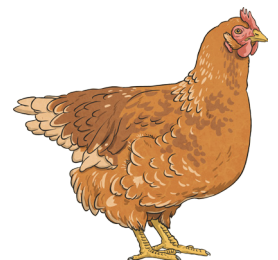
The adult butterfly breaks out of the chrysalis and reproduces.



The flower head withers and the seeds are dispersed onto the ground.



The adult chickens reproduce.



Life Cycles Research

Choose an animal and find out about its life cycle. Think about how many stages its life cycle has, and split up the circle below so that it has a section for each stage of the life cycle. Draw and describe each stage.

Name of animal: _____



REGENT STUDIES

Focused education on life's walk!

www.regentstudies.com

Type of animal (mammal, amphibian...): _____

